



# **Withholding 7:** Colorado 1099/W-2G Income Withholding Tax Requirements

1099s and W-2Gs are tax forms used to report various types of income other than wages, salaries, and tips. If Colorado tax is withheld from any payments, other than on wages, salaries, and tips, the payer of such money is required to have a Colorado 1099 and/or W-2G withholding account and remit the withheld tax. The withholding tax must be deducted and paid in whole dollar amounts.

#### **OPENING AN ACCOUNT**

Taxpayers who withhold amounts paid and reported on a form 1099 or form W-2G must set up a tax account with the Colorado Department of Revenue separate from their W-2 wage withholding account to pay the withholding. Below are options to open a 1099 or W-2G withholding tax account. There are no fees for opening a withholding account.

- Paper. Complete and mail in the Colorado Sales Tax and Withholding Account Application (CR 0100) to apply for a 1099 or W-2G withholding account. Indicate in Box D whether you need to establish a 1099 or W-2G account. You will use your current Colorado Account Number (CAN) or receive your CAN by mail if you do not already have an account. Allow four to six weeks for processing.
- **Service Center.** Apply for an account by visiting one of our service centers. A list of our service center locations and hours is available on the Taxation website *Tax. Colorado.gov/visit-a-service-center*. If visiting a service center, you must bring:
  - A completed Colorado Sales Tax and Withholding Account Application (CR 0100), and
  - o If you applying for a sales tax account in addition to a wage withholding account, bring a check or money order (no cash) to pay any fees, and
  - Valid driver license or ID. (If you are filing on behalf of someone else, a copy of their license or ID.)

## **CLOSING AN ACCOUNT**

If a business no longer has payees, the 1099 or W2-G withholding tax account must be closed within 30 days. An account can be closed by completing the Business Tax Account Closure Form (DR 1108) and sending the completed form to the Department.

# FILING FREQUENCY AND DUE DATES

#### **New Accounts**

To determine the filing frequency for a new account, the payer shall estimate the amount of withholding tax that it expects to withhold for all 1099 or W-2G payees in one year. Based on that estimate, the filing frequency for a new account will be quarterly, monthly, or weekly, as described in more detail below.

## **Existing Accounts**

The filing frequency is measured by the aggregate amount of withholding tax paid during the preceding calendar year from January 1 through December 31. For example, the filing status for calendar year 2019 will be set by examining the amount of withholding tax remitted to the Department during calendar year 2018.

The Department will conduct an annual review to evaluate a payer's filing frequency. Should the filing frequency increase, the Department will notify the payer before January of the next calendar year. However, if the payer is eligible to file less frequently, the Department will not automatically update the payer's filing frequency. The payer must contact the Department to request the filing period be less frequent. When requesting a less frequent filing period, the payer must continue to file at the current frequency until the Department provides notification of the filing frequency change, if approved.

A withholding tax return must be filed for every filing period. If no taxes have been withheld during the filing period, a return reporting zero tax withheld must be filed. When the due date falls on a weekend or holiday, taxes are considered timely if they are paid on the first business day following the due date. The following are the filing frequencies and due dates for each frequency.



## Types Filing Frequencies and Required Due Dates

- Quarterly. Payers who report less than \$7,000 of withholding tax per year shall file withholding taxes quarterly. Quarters end on March 31, June 30, September 30, and December 31. Taxes are due to the Department on or before the last day of the month following the end of a quarter.
- Monthly. Payers who report between \$7,000 and \$50,000 of withholding tax per year shall file withholding taxes monthly. Taxes are due to the Department on or before the fifteenth day of the following month. For example, taxes are due June 15 for the month of May.
- Frequent/Weekly. Payers who report more than \$50,000 of withholding tax per year shall file withholding taxes weekly. Weekly filers must pay withholding taxes by Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) on or before the third business day following the week in which the payroll was made. For weekly filers, the week always ends on a Friday. If payroll falls on any day between Saturday and Friday, the period end date entered in the EFT system should be Friday's date. If no tax is withheld for an entire month, the payer must file at least one zero return every month for the period ending on the last Friday of the month using EFT or Revenue Online.

**Exception:** If December 31 does not fall on a Friday and taxes were withheld between the last Friday of the month and December 31, then weekly filers must make a final payment that includes all unpaid taxes through December 31. Therefore, December 31 will be the filing period end date for this transmission, even if it is not a Friday. The payment is due three business days after December 31.

The table below is an example of how to determine the filing period and EFT payment due date for a weekly filer.

	Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	
	25	26	27	28	29	30	1	
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
Payroll	16 11	16						
Filing period end date	If payroll falls on Tuesday the 27 <sup>th</sup> the filing period end date is Friday the 30 <sup>th</sup> .  The EFT payment due date is Wednesday the 5 <sup>th</sup> .							
Due date								

• **Seasonal.** Payers who report less than \$50,000 of withholding per year, do not operate their business during the entire calendar year, and do not pay wages while the business is not operating may request a seasonal filing frequency. A monthly return must be filed and payment made for each month during the designated operating season and is due on or before the fifteenth day of the month following the operating month

## **HOW TO FILE AND PAY**

A payer may submit withholding payments electronically by Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT). Payers who pay more than \$50,000 of withholding tax per year are required to file by EFT. Payers who do not meet this requirement are encouraged to file by EFT because it reduces processing delays and errors. Payers must register with the Department in order to make EFT payments. Please visit <a href="mailto:Tax.Colorado.gov/electronic-funds-transfer">Tax.Colorado.gov/electronic-funds-transfer</a> for detailed information about EFT payments.

# **EFT Returns and Payments**

Paying withholding tax by EFT fulfills the payer's filing requirement of a withholding return (DR 1107). Those that choose this method *should not* also submit a paper return by mail. Filing a paper return in addition to your EFT payment may result in an erroneous bill being issued. If zero tax is withheld for a tax period, a zero EFT payment can be transmitted to satisfy your filing requirement. *Exception*: Filing by EFT does not fulfill the payer's requirement to file annual information returns (DR 1106 or DR 1101, if applicable) and 1099 and W-2G statements to the Department. Submit EFT payment before 4:00 P.M. Mountain Time to credit your account on that date.

## PAPER RETURN AND CHECK OR MONEY ORDER

If a payer pays less than \$50,000 and cannot file by EFT or through Revenue Online, the 1099 Income Withholding Tax Form (DR 1107) or Backup Withholding Tax Return - Gaming (DR 1091) must be completed and mailed along with a check or money order to the Department postmarked by the due date of the return. Please write the business name, Colorado Account Number (CAN), filing period and tax type on the check or money order you send. This process does increase the chance of an error or problem and the use of electronic payment is strongly recommended.



#### ANNUAL INFORMATION RETURNS

In addition to reporting withholding tax throughout the year (weekly, monthly, or quarterly), payers are required to also submit an annual information return and 1099s or W-2Gs to the Department if they contain Colorado state withholding information. Payers generally must furnish 1099/W-2G statements to the payee on or before the last day of January and must file them with the Colorado Department of Revenue by the same deadline as applies to filing the statements with the IRS. In general, payers must file 1099/W-2Gs with the IRS and the Department either by the last day of February or, if filing the statements electronically, by the last day of March.

Federal law and regulations require the electronic filing of W-2Gs and 1099s if the number of information returns the payor is required to file exceeds certain thresholds. For information returns required to be filed during calendar years 2023 and prior, electronic filing is required if the payor is required to file 250 or more information returns during the year. For information returns required to be filed during calendar years 2024 and later, electronic filing is required if the payor is required to file 10 or more information returns during the year. Please see the IRS General Instructions for Certain Information Returns for additional information. Anyone who is required to file W2-G or 1099 forms with the Department to report Colorado withholding is strongly encouraged to file the forms electronically.

# **Electronic Filing of Annual Reconciliation Returns**

Payers filing annual withholding statements (1099s or W2-Gs) electronically **should not** also send paper statements to the Department. In addition, the payer does not need to file an Annual Transmittal of State 1099 Forms (DR 1106) or Annual Reconciliation of Income Tax Withheld on Gaming Winnings (DR 1101) unless a balance is due or requesting a refund (an amount is shown on line 3A or 3B on either form). If a balance is due, it can be made by EFT, through Revenue Online, or by mail. If mailing a payment, be sure to write the business name, Colorado Account Number (CAN) and form number (DR 1106 Withholding or DR 1101 Withholding) on the check or money order. If you are requesting a refund, it is preferable that you send in a paper DR 1093 directly to the Department.

# To file annual withholding statements electronically with the Department, follow these steps:

1. Anyone who will submit 1099s or W2-Gs must register with Revenue Online before submitting such forms. Once you have completed the registration process, you will not need to do it again. Each subsequent year when you submit your 1099s or W-2Gs in Revenue Online, you will start at Step 2.

# To register:

- Go to Revenue Online <a href="https://www.colorado.gov/RevenueOnline">www.Colorado.gov/RevenueOnline</a> at least five days before you plan to submit a file or type in each 1099 or W-2G entry.
- Under "Additional Services," click on the link "Submit Year-End Withholding."
- Click on the link "Request Withholding Submitter Access."
- Complete the requested fields. A Confirmation will automatically populate to confirm that the Department has
  received the registration request. In most cases, the registration process is completed overnight; however, it
  may take up to five business days to complete. You cannot submit documents until the registration process
  is complete.
- 2. After you are signed up to be a Withholding Submitter in Revenue Online, the following are options for reporting year-end withholding information electronically.
  - Manually submit withholding files through Revenue Online. Using this method, you will manually type each statement into Revenue Online <a href="www.Colorado.gov/RevenueOnline">www.Colorado.gov/RevenueOnline</a>. Under the "Additional Services" area, then click on the link "Submit Year-End Withholding." Once there click on the link, "Submit a Manual Withholding File." There is no limit on how many 1099s or W-2Gs that can be entered. If you cannot finish entering all the 1099s or W-2Gs, you may save what you have entered, close the session, and return later to finalize the entries, OR
  - Submit an IRS format 1220 Withholding file attachment through Revenue Online. The file format must conform to the specifications in Internal Revenue Service (IRS) Publication 1220, Part C available at <a href="www.irs.gov">www.irs.gov</a>. Filers may contact an outside vendor to purchase software or transmit files. Using this method, the payer will submit all entries in one file. The file must contain all accounts for which the payer withheld Colorado tax. To use this method, go to Revenue Online <a href="www.Colorado.gov/RevenueOnline">www.Colorado.gov/RevenueOnline</a>, find the "Additional Services" area, and then click on the link "Submit Year-End Withholding." Once there click on the link, "Submit a Withholding File Attachment."

After you submit the data, if your submission is processed, a confirmation code will automatically populate on your screen. Please print this page and keep it in your records.



## Paper Filing of Annual Reconciliation Returns

- 1099s. A payer filing paper 1099s must prepare the Annual Transmittal of State 1099 Forms (DR 1106) and submit it with to the Department with copies of the paper 1099s. The payer must verify that the DR 1106 is completed correctly. The DR 1106 will indicate if there is a balance due or a refund requested. If a there is a balance due, be sure to write the business name, Colorado Account Number (CAN) and form number (DR 1106 Withholding) on the check or money order. Submit the paper DR 1106 and payment directly to the Department of Revenue.
- W-2Gs. A payer filing paper W-2Gs must prepare the Annual Reconciliation of Income Tax Withheld on Gaming Winnings (DR 1101) and submit it to the Department with copies of the paper W-2Gs. The payer must verify that the DR 1101 is completed correctly. The DR 1101 will indicate if there is a balance due or a refund requested. If a there is a balance due, be sure to write the business name, Colorado Account Number (CAN) and form number (DR 1101 Withholding) on the check or money order. Submit the paper DR 1101 and payment directly to the Department of Revenue.

# CORRECTING RETURNS AND WITHHOLDING REFUND REQUIREMENTS

If you overpaid withholding taxes for any period in the current calendar year, if possible, you should take a credit on a subsequent month's return (DR1107 for 1099s and DR 1091 for W-2Gs). The credit may be deducted from an EFT payment, a return filed on Revenue Online, or a subsequent paper form 1099 Income Withholding Tax Return (DR 1107) or Backup Withholding Tax Return - Gaming (DR 1091). You may only deduct an amount bringing your return to zero for the period you are reporting.

- 1099s To claim the credit on a subsequent DR 1107 for the current calendar year, deduct the overpayment from line 2 of your return.
- W-2Gs To claim the credit on a subsequent DR 1091 for the current calendar year, deduct the overpayment from line 1 of your return.

If you are unable to claim the full credit on a subsequent DR 1107 or DR 1091 within the calendar year of the overpayment, you may request a refund on your Annual Transmittal of State 1099 Forms (DR 1106) or Annual Reconciliation of Income Tax Withheld on Gaming Winnings (DR 1101) on or before the deadline for filing the 1099s or W-2Gs with the Department. The Department issues withholding refunds only once a year. The DR 1106 and DR1101 will indicate the total amount of taxes withheld in the prior year on 1099s and W-2Gs and the total amount of withholding tax payments paid to the Department. If the amount withheld and the amount paid results in additional taxes due or a refund (line 3A or 3B of the DR 1106 and 1101), the payer must file the DR 1106 or 1101 with the Department by mailing a completed form to: Colorado Department of Revenue, Denver, CO 80261-0009.

If a payer files 1099 or W-2G withholding statements electronically through Revenue Online, the payer does not need to submit a DR 1106 or 1101 unless an amount appears on 3A (additional balance due) or 3B (a refund) of the return.

If you are applying for a refund of withholding taxes remitted prior to your business filing of annual reconciliation, please indicate the reason for the request on a Claim for Refund (DR 0137). Refunds issued prior to the annual reconciliation will be denied unless an unusual circumstance is documented. For example, you paid your federal withholding to the state of Colorado in error.

## **Refunds for Previous Calendar Years**

To apply for a refund for a previous year, the following is required:

- A Claim for Refund (DR 0137) indicating the reason for the request,
- An original or amended DR 1106/1101 for the year the refund is being requested,
- Copies of corrected W-2Gs or 1099s with complete information, indicating the change in withholding amount,
- Documentation showing how the refund request amount was calculated.

Send the DR 0137 and requested documentation to: Colorado Department of Revenue, Business Tax Section, P.O. Box 17087, Denver, CO 80217-0087.

## **CORRECTING 1099S/W2GS**

If a 1099 or W-2G is issued with any errors, the payee must send a corrected 1099/W2G to correct the error to the Department on or before the due date for filing the original 1099s or W-2Gs. If too little was withheld, the Department will send a bill to the payer for the difference. If too much was withheld, the payer must request a claim for refund for the difference. Submit the corrected 1099 or W-2G forms with a cover letter to: Colorado Department of Revenue, Discovery Section, P.O. Box 17087, Denver, CO 80217-0087.



# WITHHOLDING FILING FORMS AND RESOURCES

Revenue Online, www.Colorado.gov/RevenueOnline

Colorado Business Registration (Withholding Tax Application), <a href="https://www.colorado.gov/cbe">https://www.colorado.gov/cbe</a> Withholding Tables - DR 1098

EFT Information Packet - DR 5782

Withholding Returns - File by EFT, Revenue Online or DR 1107 for 1099s and DR 1091 for W-2Gs Annual Reconciliation - File by Revenue Online or DR 1106 for 1099s and DR 1101 for W-2Gs

FYIs provide general information concerning a variety of Colorado tax topics in simple and straightforward language. Although the FYIs represent a good faith effort to provide accurate and complete tax information, the information is not binding on the Colorado Department of Revenue, nor does it replace, alter, or supersede Colorado law and regulations. The Executive Director, who by statute is the only person having the authority to bind the Department, has not formally reviewed and/or approved these FYIs.