2025 Computation of Penalty Due Based on Underpayment of Colorado Estimated Tax for a Partnership and S Corporation

Instructions

Part 1:

In general, a partnership or S corporation must remit four quarterly estimated tax payments if its net Colorado tax liability for the tax year either with a composite nonresident return or as a result of SALT Parity ACT Election exceeds \$5,000.

Part 2:

The required annual amount to be paid is the lesser of:

- **1.** 70% of actual net Colorado tax liability, *or*
- 2. 100% of preceding year's Colorado tax liability only applies if:
 - · The preceding year was 12-month tax year, and
 - The partnership or S corporation filed a Colorado return, and
 - The partnership or S corporation did not have taxable income of \$1,000,000 or more for any of the three immediately preceding taxable income years.*

*A partnership or S corporation that had a taxable income of \$1,000,000 or more in any of the three immediately preceding tax years (making it a "large partnership" or "large S corporation") can base its first quarter estimated tax payment on 25% of the previous year's tax liability. However, future payments must be based on the actual tax liability for the current tax year and any underpayment occurring in the first quarter as a result of this estimation must be paid with the second quarterly payment.

Part 3:

Compute the penalty on lines 10 through 22 of DR 0233. Complete each column before going to the next column. The dates to be entered on line 10 are the 15th day of the fourth, sixth, ninth and twelfth month of the taxable year. Large partnerships and large S corporations must complete line 11 based on the computations from line 9.

Partnerships and S corporations filing for a short tax year must adjust lines 9, 10 and 11 accordingly. For more information about filing for short tax years, see the Corporate Income Tax Guide, available at Tax.Colorado.gov

Colorado law does not provide an option for partnerships or S corporations to compute their estimated payments using an annualized income installment method. However, no estimated tax penalty is due for the underpayment of estimated tax if the Department determines that the underpayment was due to good cause shown by the taxpayer. Partnerships or S corporations that do not receive income evenly during the year may submit with their return a statement regarding their estimated payments and the cause for any underpayment.

DR 0233 (07/30/25)
COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE
Tax. Colorado. gov
Page 1 of 2

2025 Computation of Penalty Due Based on Underpayment of Colorado Estimated Tax for a Partnership and S Corporation

Partnership or S Corporation Name	Colorado Account Number	
Part 1 — Exception		
1. Enter the net tax from line 21 of form DR 0106		
(Part IV: Computation of Amount Owed and Overpayment)	\$	
2. Statutory exemption	\$	5,000.00
3. Subtract line 2 from line 1. If line 2 is larger, enter zero and	no penalty is due.	
Part 2 — Required Annual Payment	The period of th	
4. Enter the net tax from line 21 of form DR 0106		
(Part IV: Computation of Amount Owed and Overpayment)	\$	
(1 at 17. Computation of Amount Owed and Overpayment)	Ψ	
5. Enter 70% of the amount on line 4	\$	
6. Enter the previous year Colorado tax liability. If you are many		
election and did not file a Colorado return making a SALT		
previous year, enter the amount from line 5 here and on li		
providuo your, ornor are amount from time o noro and on in	10.1	
7. Required payment. Enter the smaller of lines 5 or 6	\$	
8. Did the partnership or S corporation have a taxable income	of \$1,000,000 or more for any of the three i	mmediately
preceding taxable years?	, , , ,	, ,
p and g a conjust		
Yes No If yes, go to line 9. If no, skip to	line 10	
9. (a) Enter 25% of line 5	\$	
(1) Fates 050/ of the 0	*	
(b) Enter 25% of line 6	\$	
(c) Subtract line 9(b) from line 9(a). If line 9(b) is larger, en		
1. Enter the smaller of lines 9(a) or 9(b) on line 11 in co		
2. Enter the total of lines 9(a) and 9(c) on line 11 in colu		
3. Enter the amount from line 9(a) on line 11 in columns	3 and 4 \ \D	



on line 31 of form DR 0106.

DR 0233 (07/30/25)

COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE
Tax. Colorado.gov
Page 2 of 2

Partnership or S Corporation Name Colorado Account Number Part 3 — Penalty Computation Column 1 Column 2 Column 3 Column 4 **10.** Enter each quarterly payment due date in each column to the right on this line **11.** Divide the amount on line 7 by four or enter \$ the payments due from line 9 \$ \$ \$ **12.** Amounts paid in estimated or withholding tax \$ 13. Overpayment (on line 15) from \$ \$ \$ preceding period \$ \$ \$ **14.** Total of lines 12 and 13 **15.** Underpayment (subtract line 14 from line 11) or <overpayment> (Subtract line 11 from line 14) |\$ \$ \$ \$ **16.** Date of payment or December 31, current year, whichever is earlier **17.** Number of days from due date of payment to date on line 16 **18.** Underpayment on line 15 multiplied by 12% for dates in 2025 or multiplied by 11% for dates in 2026 multiplied by number of days \$ on line 17 divided by 365 (366 for leap year) |\$ **19.** Date of payment or due date of return, whichever is earlier 20. Number of days from December 31 or due date of payment, whichever is later, to date **21.** Underpayment on line 15 multiplied by 12% for dates in 2025 or multiplied by 11% for dates in 2026 multiplied by number of days on line 20 divided by 365 (366 for leap year) |\$

\$

22. Total penalty. Add all amounts on lines 18 and 21. Include this amount as estimated tax penalty